## TECHNICAL GUIDE

# SEIKO

CAL. 8522A CAL. 8523A





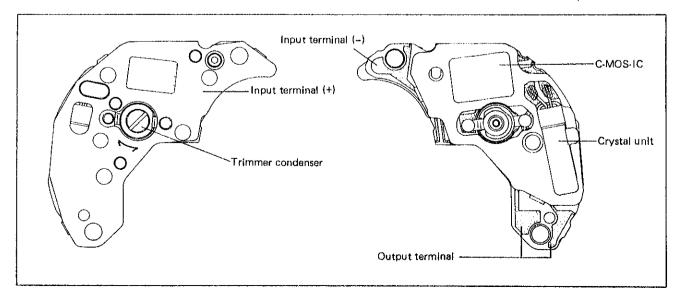
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### I. SPECIFICATIONS

Cal, No.	8522A	8523A	
Time indication	3 hands		
Additional mechanism	Date	Day and date	
	Instant date setting device	Instant day and date setting device	
		Bilingual changeover system for the day of the week	
	Train wheel setting device		
	Electronic circuit reset switch		
	Battery life indicator		
Loss/gain	Loss/gain at normal temperature range  Monthly rate: less than 15 seconds  (Annual rate: less than 3 minutes)		
Outside diameter	φ18.0 mm		
Casing diameter	$\phi$ 17.6 mm (16.0 mm between the 3 o'clock and the 9 o'clock sides)		
Height	3,5mm Without battery	3.8mm without battery	
Regulation system	Trimmer condenser		
Measuring gate by Quartz tester	Any gate is available.		
Battery	Battery life is approximately 3 years for Maxell SR726SW, SEIKO (SEIZAIKEN) TR726SW or SB-DL and approximately 2 years for U.C.C. 397. Voltage: 1.55V		
Jewels	2 jewels		

### II. STRUCTURE OF THE CIRCUIT BLOCK



1

#### III. DISASSEMBLING, REASSEMBLING AND LUBRICATING

Cal. 8523A is taken as an example to describe the disassembling and reassembling procedures. Cal. 8522A is a variation of Cal. 8523A without a day star with dial disk and consequently has not a snap for day star with dial disk and a day corrector. The shape of the date dial guard and the circuit block marking of Cal. 8522A are also different from those of Cal. 8523A.

Disassembling procedures Figs.:

1

→ (43)

Reassembling procedures Figs.:

**43** 

• ①

#### Lubricating

Type of oil

Oil quantity

Moebius A

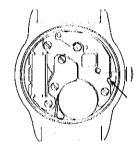
Normal quantity

SEIKO Watch Oil S-6

• Use the movement holder S-665 except when disassembling and reassembling the calendar and setting mechanism, in which case a flat-top desk is desirable.

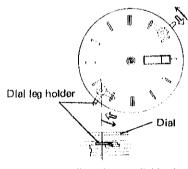
#### 1. Indicating mechanism



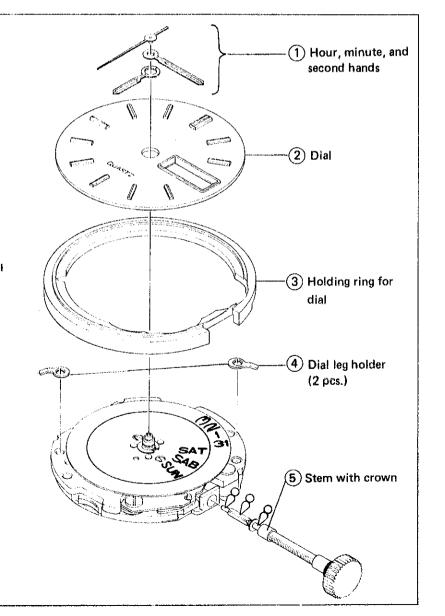


Pull out the crown completely and remove the stem with crown by pushing the arrow-marked setting lever in the illustration above with tweezers.

How to disassemble and reassemble the dial



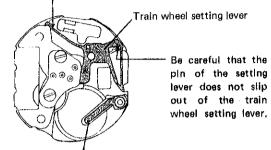
- The dial is fixed by the dial leg holder.
   When disassembling the dial, turn the dial leg holder clockwise (⇒ marked direction).
- When reassembling the dial and the movement, mate the hole of the dial leg holder with that of the calendar plate and place the dial softly on the movement. Then, turn the dial leg holder counterclockwise (-> marked direction).



#### 2. Electronic circuit and gear train mechanism

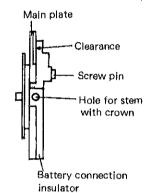
#### Setting positions of the train wheel setting lever and the battery connection (-)

Use care not to deform this portion.



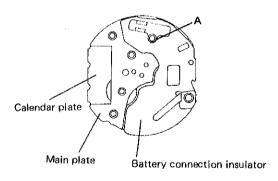
#### How to remove the battery connection insulator

Battery connection (-)



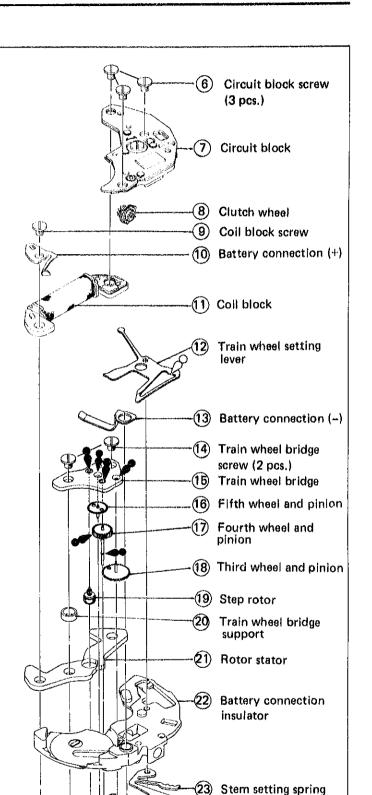
Put the tip of a screw-driver into the clearance between the main plate and the battery connection insulator and pry up the battery connection insulator slightly. Then, put a screwdriver in around the screw pin and remove the battery connection insulator by prying it up.

#### • Setting position of the battery connection insulator



When setting the battery connection insulator, make sure that the battery connection insulator is not lifted out of the surface of the main plate.

Be careful not to scratch the upper surface of the part marked A since the train wheel setting lever slides there.



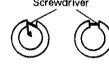
Main plate

#### 3. Calendar and setting mechanism

• Snap for day star with dial disk

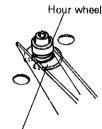
#### 1 How to disassemble





By using a screwdriver which is a little larger in width than the space of the snap for day star with dial disk, pry it open as shown in the illustration above.

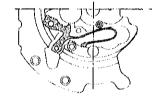
#### 2 How to reassemble



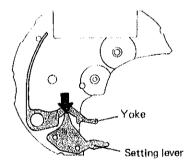
Insert the snap for day star with dial disk in position with tweezers, being careful not to bend it. After setting it, make sure that there is no slippage between the day star with dial disk and the snap for it.

Snap for day star with dial disk

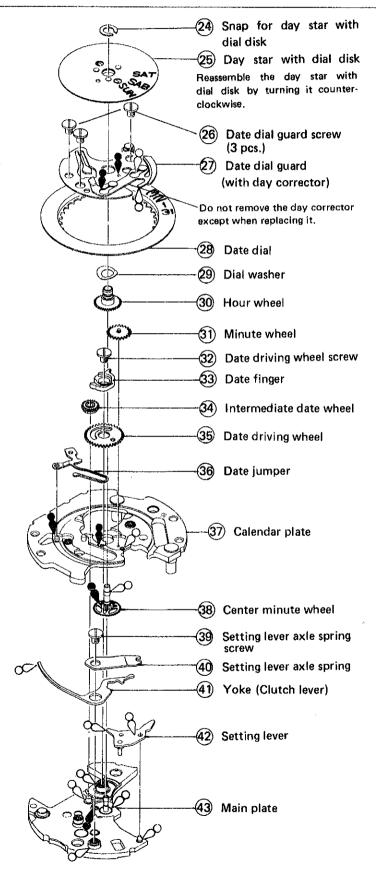
#### • Setting position of the date jumper



• Satting positions of the setting lever and the yoke



Set the tip of the setting lever in the arrowmarked position to enable the clutch wheel to be set easily

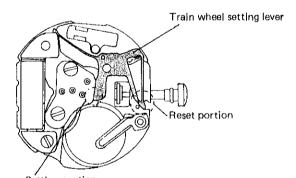


#### IV. CHECKING AND ADJUSTMENT

### **Procedures** CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL Result: Input indicator blinks every second: Input indicator does not blink every second: Defective CHECK BATTERY VOLTAGE Result: More than 1.5V: Normal Less than 1.5V: Defective Replace the battery with a new one. CHECK BATTERY AND CIRCUIT BLOCK CONDUCTIVITY CHECK RESET AND TRAIN WHEEL SETTING CONDITIONS

1. Check to see if the second hand stops promptly when the crown is pulled out to the second click position and if it starts promptly one second after the crown is pushed in back to the first click or the normal position,

Reset condition can also be confirmed by the procedure CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL. Crown at the second click position : Does not blink every second. Crown at the first click or the normal position: Blinks every second.

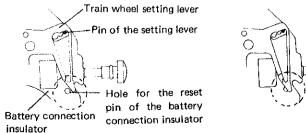


#### Result:

The second hand stops promptly and starts after one second: Normal The second hand does not stop or starts irregularly: Defective Check the reset and setting portions of the train wheel setting lever,

2. Check the reset portion of the train wheel setting lever with the circuit block disassembled. Make sure that the train wheel setting lever is not lifted at all out of the battery connection insulator.

#### • With the crown at the normal and the first click positions



Normai

Defective

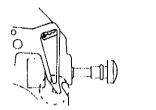
#### Result:

The whole of the reset pin hole can be Normal About half of the reset pin hole can be Defective

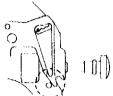
- Check the pin of the setting lever for bend, oil conditions, etc.
- Replace the train wheel setting lever with a new one.

#### Procedures

#### • With the crown at the second click position

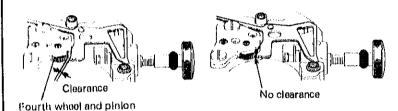






Defective

- 3. Check the setting portion of the train wheel setting lever with the circuit block disassembled. Make sure that the train wheel setting lever is not lifted at all out of the battery connection insulator.
- With the crown at the normal and the first click positions



Normal

Defective

#### Result:

Result:

Clearance between the fourth wheel and pinion and the train wheel setting lever: Normal

About half of the reset pin hole can be

The whole of the reset pin hole can be

• Check the pin of the setting lever for

• Replace the train wheel setting lever

bend, oil conditions, etc.

with a new one.

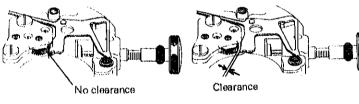
Normal

Defective

#### No clearance:

- Defective
- Check the pin of the setting lever for bend, oil conditions, etc.
- · Replace the train wheel setting lever with a new one.

With the crown at the second click position



Normal

Defective

#### Result:

No clearance: Normal Clearance : Defective

- Check the pin of the setting lever for bend, oil conditions, etc.
- Replace the train wheel setting lever with a new one.

CHECK COIL BLOCK

#### Result:

2.3K $\Omega - 2.9$ K $\Omega$ :

Normal

Less than 2.3KΩ-(Short circuit) More than 2.9K $\Omega$ 

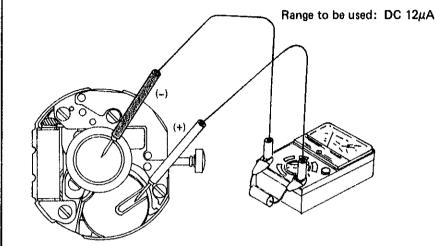
Defective

(Broken wire)

Replace the coil block with a new one.

#### Procedures

#### CHECK CURRENT CONSUMPTION



Result:

Less than 1.2µA: Normal More than 1.2µA: Defective

**CHECK ACCURACY**