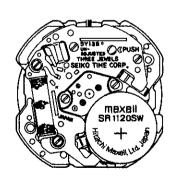
TECHNICAL GUIDE

CAL. 5Y01A CAL. 5Y02A CAL. 5Y13A

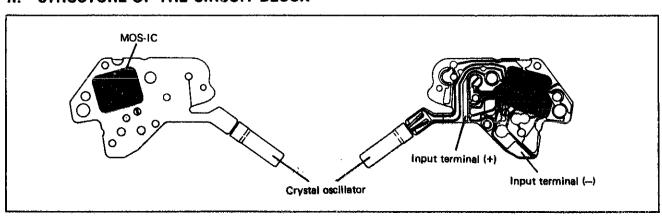




I. SPECIFICATIONS

	Cal. No.	5Y01A	5Y02A	5Y13A			
Item		3101A	VIVEA	0.100			
Time indicati	on	3 hands					
Driving system	m	Step motor (Load compensated driving pulse type)					
Additional mechanism			_	Day			
			Date				
		_	Instant day and/or date setting device				
		Train wheel setting device					
		Electronic circuit reset switch					
Loss/gain		Monthly rate at normal temperature range: less than 15 seconds					
Movement size	Outside diameter	φ24.0 mm	φ26.4 mm				
		21.0 mm between 6 o'clor 19.0 mm between 3 o'clor	23.5 mm between 6 o'clock and 12 o'clock sides and between 3 o'clock and 9 o'clock sides				
	Casing diameter	φ23.3 mm	ø25.6 mm				
	Height	2.3 mm without battery	2.9 mm without battery				
Regulation system		Rotary step switch					
Measuring gate by quartz tester		Use the 10-second gate.					
Battery		SEIKO (SEIZAIKEN) TR Maxell SR920SW, SONY EVEREADY 371	SEIKO (SEIZAIKEN) TR1120SW, Maxell SR1120SW, U.C.C. 381, SONY EVEREADY 381				
		Battery life is approximat	Battery life is approximately 5 years.				
		Voltage: 1.55V					
Jewels		3 jewels					

II. STRUCTURE OF THE CIRCUIT BLOCK



III. DISASSEMBLING, REASSEMBLING, AND LUBRICATING

List of the screws used

Shape	Part No.	Part Name	Shape	Part No.	Part Name	
	022 247	Train wheel bridge screw 2 pcs. Battery connection (+) screw 4 pcs. Battery connection (-) screw 1 pc. Setting lever spring screw 1 pc.		022 248	Date dial guard screw 3 pcs.	

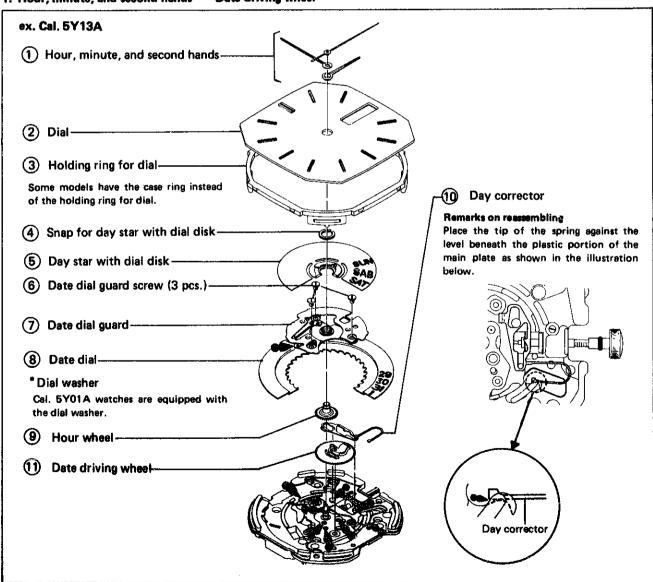
Cal. No.	Disassembling/Reassembling procedures						
5Y01A	① — ② — *Dial washer — 9 — 10 — 2	through	3				
5Y02A	0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0	through	3 9				
5Y13A	0-2-3-4-5-6-7-8-9-0-0-0-0	through	39				

 Use the universal movement holder for disassembling and reassembling. Lubricating: Types of oil

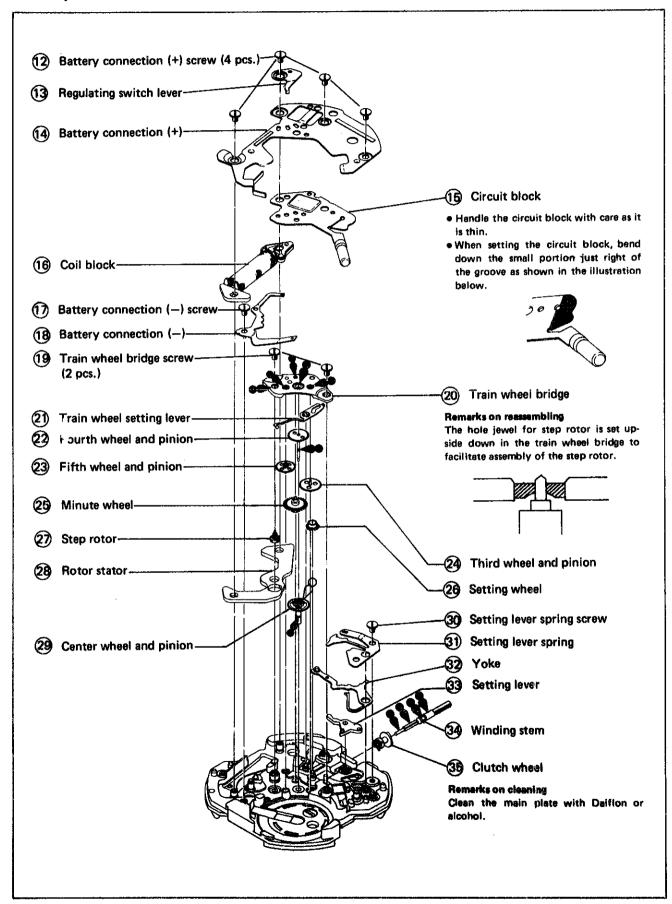
Moebius A, Normal quantity

SEIKO Watch Oil S-6, Normal quantity

1. Hour, minute, and second hands \sim Date driving wheel



2. Battery connection (+) screw \sim Clutch wheel



IV. CHECKING AND ADJUSTMENT

The explanation here is only for the particular points of Cals. 5Y01A, 5Y02A, and 5Y13A.
 Refer to the "TECHNICAL GUIDE, GENERAL INSTRUCTION" for SEIKO Analogue Quartz for details.

Procedure

CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL

Use the quartz tester.

Any gate of the quartz tester can be used.

Result:

Normal : Input indicator blinks every

second.

Defective: Input indicator does not blink

every second.

CHECK BATTERY VOLTAGE

Use the Digital Multi-Tester S-840A.

Range to be used: DC V

Result:

Normal: More than 1.57V

Defective: Less than 1.57V

CHECK COIL BLOCK

Use the Digital Multi-Tester S-840A.

Range to be used: Ω

Result:

Normal

Defective-

: $2.3K\Omega \sim 2.8K\Omega$

Less than 2.3KΩ

(Short circuit) More than 2.8K Ω

(Broken wire)

CHECK RESET AND TRAIN WHEEL SETTING CONDITION

- 1. Check to see if the second hand stops promptly when the crown is pulled out completely and if it starts promptly one second after the crown is pushed in back to the normal position.
- 2. Check the position of the train wheel setting lever by looking through the hole of train wheel bridge.
 - With the crown pulled out completely

The spring portion of train wheel setting lever can be seen. When the crown is pushed in to the normal position

in to the normal position

. With the crown pushed in to the normal position

The spring portion of train wheel setting lever cannot be seen.

Train wheel bridge When the crown is pulled out completely

3. With the crown pulled out completely, check the output signal with the quartz tester.

Result:

Normal: Input indicator blinks.

Defective: Input indicator does not blink.

Procedure

CHECK ACCURACY

- Use the 10-second gate of the quartz tester.
- The rotary step switch regulates 0.52 sec./day/step.

CHECK CURRENT CONSUMPTION

Use the Digital Multi-Tester S-840A.

Range to be used: μA

Result:

Normal : Less than $1.3\mu A$

Defective: More than 1.3µA

- Be sure to protect the movement from light with black paper while measuring.
 Do not check current consumption under an incandescent lamp since strong light may cause a watch to consume excess current.
- Repeat resetting the circuit by pulling out the crown more than 3 times while keeping the probes applied to the battery and the battery connection (—), since it is necessary to check current consumption with the hands moving normally (the load compensated driving pulse system working normally).